



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture

identification:

Trade name: Wet On Wet Silk Primer

Trade code: RAX0777

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Wet-on-wet 2K primer for auto-body applications. Only for professional use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Company:

Shop Bodyshop Direct, Unit 17 Mullaghboy Industrial Estate, Navan, Co.Meath.

Tel. 046 909 3800 Fax. 046 909 3731

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet:

info@shopbodyshopdirect.com

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Directive criteria, 67/548/CE, 99/45/EC and following amendments thereof:

Properties / Symbols:

None.

R Phrases:

R10 Flammable.

EC regulation criteria 1272/2008 (CLP):

⚠ Warning, Flam. Liq. 3, Flammable liquid and vapour.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental

effects: No other hazards 2.2. Label elements R Phrases:

R10 Flammable.

S Phrases:

S23 Do not breathe spray

S51 Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Symbols:



Warning

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

Precautionary statements:

P260 Do not breathe vapours or spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Special Provisions:

None

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None

2.3. Other hazards vPvB Substances: None - PBT

Substances: None Other Hazards: No other hazards



SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients 3.1. Substances N.A.
3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components within the meaning of EEC directive 67/548 and CLP regulation and related classification:

>= 15% - < 20% n-butyl acetate

REACH No.: 01-219485493-29, Index number: 607-025-00-1, CAS: 123-86-4, EC: 204-658-1








R10-66-67; substance with a Community workplace exposure limit

-  2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226
-  3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H336

>= 5% - < 7% Xylene


REACH No.: 01-2119488216-32, Index number: 601-022-01-6, CAS: 1330-20-7, EC: 215-535-7

Xn,Xi; R36/37/38-48/20-65-10-20/21

-  2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226
-  3.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332
-  3.1/4/Dermal Acute Tox. 4 H312
-  3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319
-  3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H335
-  3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315
-  3.9/2 STOT RE 2 H373
- 3.10/1 Asp. Tox. 1 H304


>= 1% - < 3% 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

REACH No.: 01-2119475791-29, Index number: 607-195-00-7, CAS: 108-65-6, EC: 203-603-9 R66-10; substance with a Community workplace exposure limit

-  2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226

>= 1% - < 3% Poliestere d'acido fosforico



Xi; R36

-  3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319

>= 1% - < 3% 2-butoxyethyl acetate; butylglycol acetate

REACH No.: 01-2119475112-47, Index number: 607-038-00-2, CAS: 112-07-2, EC: 203-933-3



Xn; R20/21

-  3.1/4/Dermal Acute Tox. 4 H312
-  3.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332

>= 0.5% - < 1% ethylbenzene

REACH No.: 01-2119489370-35, Index number: 601-023-00-4, CAS: 100-41-4, EC: 202-849-4

F,Xn; R11-20






-  2.6/2 Flam. Liq. 2 H225
-  3.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332

DECLJ*

>= 0.5% - < 1% Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

REACH No.: 01-2119455851-35, Index number: 649-356-00-4, CAS: 64742-95-6, EC: 265-199-0

Xn,Xi,N; R10-37-51/53-65

-  2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226
-  3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H335
-  3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H336
-  4.1/C2 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
-  3.10/1 Asp. Tox. 1 H304

DECLP*

DECL*

DECLP (CLP)*

*DECLJ: Substance classified accordingly to Note J of the Annex I of directive 67/548/EEC. The 'Carcinogenic' classification is not necessary if you can demonstrate that the substance contains less than 0.1% weight/weight of benzene

*DECLP: Substance classified accordingly to Note P of the Annex I of directive 67/548/EEC. The 'Carcinogenic' classification is not necessary if you can demonstrate that the substance contains less than 0.1% weight/weight of benzene

*DECL: Classified accordingly to directive 67/548/EEC

*DECLP (CLP): This substance is classified in accordance with Note P, Annex VI of EC Regulation 1272/2008. The classification as a carcinogen or mutagen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0.1 % w/w benzene (EINECS No 200-753-7). When the substance is not classified as a carcinogen at least the precautionary statements (P102-) P260-P262-P301 + P310-P331 (Table 3.1) or the S-phrases (2-)23-24-62 (Table 3.2) shall apply. This note applies only to certain complex oil-derived substances in Part 3.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Wash with plenty of water and soap.

In case of eyes contact:

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not under any circumstances induce vomiting. OBTAIN A MEDICAL EXAMINATION IMMEDIATELY.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See section 11 for known symptoms and effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment:

None

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

CO2 or Dry chemical fire extinguisher.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

Do not use water jets. Water may not be an effective fire-fighting measure, however it can be used to cool closed containers close to flames as to avoid bursting and exploding.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible

absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations. 6.4. Reference to other sections See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Polluted clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from unguarded flame, sparks, and heat sources. Avoid direct exposure to sunlight.

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Cool and adequately ventilated.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See Point 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters n-butyl

acetate - CAS: 123-86-4

EU, 150 ppm, 200 ppm

Xylene - CAS: 1330-20-7

EU - LTE(8h): 221 mg/m³, 50 ppm - STE(): 442 mg/m³, 100 ppm - Notes: Assorbito attraverso la pelle

ACGIH - LTE(8h): 221 mg/m³, 50 ppm - STE(): 442 mg/m³, 100 ppm

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate - CAS: 108-65-6

EU - LTE(8h): 275 mg/m³, 50 ppm - STE: 550 mg/m³, 100 ppm

ICR1 - LTE(8h): 275 mg/m³, 50 ppm - STE: 550 mg/m³, 100 ppm

2-butoxyethyl acetate; butylglycol acetate - CAS: 112-07-2

EU - LTE(8h): 133 mg/m³, 20 ppm - STE(): 333 mg/m³, 50 ppm

ethylbenzene - CAS: 100-41-4

ICR1 - LTE(8h): 442 mg/m³, 100 ppm - STE(): 884 mg/m³, 200 ppm - Notes: Pelle

EU - LTE: 442 mg/m³, 100 ppm - STE: 884 mg/m³, 200 ppm

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. - CAS: 64742-95-6

EU - LTE(8h): 100 mg/m³, 19 ppm

DNEL Exposure Limit Values

n-butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4

Consumer: 102.34 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects

Worker Professional: 960 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects

Worker Professional: 960 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local effects

Worker Professional: 480 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Professional: 480 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects

Xylene - CAS: 1330-20-7

Worker Professional: 289 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local effects

Worker Professional: 180 mg/kg - Consumer: 108 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Professional: 77 mg/m³ - Consumer: 14.8 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects

Consumer: 1.6 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

PNEC Exposure Limit Values

Xylene - CAS: 1330-20-7

Target: STP - Value: 6.58 mg/l

Target: Marine water - Value: 0.327 mg/l

Target: Intermittent emissions - Value: 0.327 mg/l

Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 12.46 mg/kg

Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 12.46 mg/kg

Target: Soil - Value: 2.31 mg/kg

Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.327

mg/l 8.2. Exposure controls Eye protection:

Not needed for normal use. Anyway, operate according good working practices.

Protection for skin:

No special precaution must be adopted for normal use, however follow good working practices.

Protection for hands:

Not needed for normal use.

Respiratory protection:

Use respiratory protection where ventilation is insufficient or exposure is prolonged.

Use adequate protective respiratory devices, using Filter "A" (Brown colour) for organic gas and vapours with boiling points over 65°C.

Thermal Hazards:

None

Environmental exposure controls:

Emissions from ventilation systems or from work processes must be checked as to ensure compliance to environmental protection legislation. In some cases the addition of vapour scrubbers, filters or other system modification may be necessary in order to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance and colour:	Transparent colourless liquid		
Odour:	Typical of solvent	Odour threshold:	N.D.
pH:	N.A. (organic solvent)		
Melting point / freezing point:	N.D. Initial		
boiling point and boiling range:	126°C		
Solid/gas flammability:	N.A.		
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	1,2% - 7,5% vol		
Vapour density:	N.D.		
Flash point:	25°C		
Evaporation rate:	N.D.		
Vapour pressure:	15 hPa		
Relative density:	1,6		
	g/cm ³		
Solubility in water:	Insoluble		
Solubility in oil:	N.D.		
Auto-ignition temperature:	415°C		
Decomposition temperature:	N.D.		
Viscosity:	N.D.		
Explosive properties:	N.D.		
Oxidizing properties:	N.D.		

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended use and storage conditions (see point 7).

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

It may generate flammable gases on contact with elementary metals (alkalis and alkaline earth), and nitrides.

It may catch fire on contact with oxidising mineral acids, powerful oxidising agents, and powerful reducing agents.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid accumulating electrostatic charge.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with combustible materials. The product could catch fire.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological information of the mixture:

N.A.

Toxicological information of the main substances found in the mixture:

n-butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 6400 mg/kg

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat = 21.1 mg/l - Duration:

4h Xylene - CAS: 1330-20-7 a) acute toxicity:

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat = 6350 Ppm - Duration: 4h

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 3523 mg/kg
Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit = 4350
mg/kg 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate - CAS: 108-65-6 a)
acute toxicity:
Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat = 35.7 mg/l
Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 8500 mg/kg
Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 5000
mg/l 2-butoxyethyl acetate; butylglycol acetate - CAS: 112-07-
2 a) acute toxicity:
Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 2400 mg/kg
Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Mouse = 3200 mg/kg
Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rat = 1580
mg/kg ethylbenzene - CAS: 100-41-4 a) acute toxicity:
Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Mouse = 35500 mg/m³
Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat = 55000 mg/m³
Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 3500
mg/kg Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. - CAS:
64742-95-6
a) acute toxicity:
Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat > 6193 mg/m³
Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 3592 mg/kg
Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 3160 mg/kg n-
butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4
OBSERVATIONS ON HUMAN SUBJECTS:
Inhalation: 3300 ppm (16 mg/l), for short periods, cause serious irritation to the eyes and to the nose.
Inhalation: 200-300 ppm (1-1.4 mg/l), for short periods, cause moderate irritation to the eyes and to the nose.
Inhaling the vapours can irritate the respiratory system.
The vapours can cause headache and nausea. As a liquid it can irritate the eyes and cause conjunctivitis, it
can irritate the skin and cause dermatitis and, if swallowed, causes inebriation, hallucinations and sedation.
Symptoms of illness at 500 ppm. Serious toxic effects at 2,000 ppm for 60 min. TCLo: 200 ppm
Xylene - CAS: 1330-20-7
OBSERVATIONS ON HUMAN SUBJECTS NON-PROFESSIONAL EXPOSURE - Effects following acute
exposure:
Symptoms of intense exposure are: dermatitis, eczema, irritation to the eyes and to the respiratory tract.
Inhaling the vapours can cause dizziness, headache, nausea, incoordination, excitability, narcosis, anaemia,
and paraesthesia of the hands and feet.
PROFESSIONAL EXPOSURE - Effects following acute exposure:
Narcotic at high concentrations.
Irritation through inhalation at 200 ppm (TCLo). Inhalation of 200 ppm has irritating effects in human subjects.
Human subject (oral) (LDLo): 50 mg/kg.
Inhalator human subject (LCLo) 10000 ppm/6h.

If not differently specified, the information required in Regulation 453/2010/EC listed below must be considered as N.A.:

- a) acute toxicity;
- b) skin corrosion/irritation;
- c) serious eye damage/irritation;
- d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;
- e) germ cell mutagenicity;
- f) carcinogenicity;
- g) reproductive toxicity;
- h) STOT-single exposure;
- i) STOT-repeated exposure;
- j) Aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. - CAS: 64742-95-6

- a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 3.2 mg/l - Duration h: 48

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 2.9 mg/l - Duration h: 72

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 9.2 mg/l

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 1 mg/l - Notes: NOEC

12.2. Persistence and degradability. Not persistent and Bio-degradable

12.3. Bio-accumulative potential. Not bio-accumulative

12.4. Mobility in soil

Do not mix with waste water, rain or surface water. Floats on water, evaporates from liquid and solid surfaces but a significant amount may pollute water table.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment vPvB

Substances: None - PBT Substances: None

12.6. Other adverse effects

None

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

The empty containers must be considered special waste materials to take to dump of type 2B. If previously cleansed, they can be admitted in first class dumps.

Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Limited quantities, not subject to ADR norms for internal packaging of up to 5 litres and maximum packaging of 30kg.

14.1. UN number

ADR-UN number: 1263

IMDG-Un number: 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Shipping name: Paints

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID:

Class: 3

Label: 3

Maritime (IMDG/IMO):

Class: 3

Label: 14.4. 3

Packing group

ADR Packing Group:: III°

IMDG-Packing group: III°

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

IMDG-EMS: F-E , S-E

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

No

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 67/548/EEC (Classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances)

Dir. 99/45/EC (Classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous preparations)

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Dir. 2006/8/EC

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 453/2010 (Annex I)

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications: None

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs =211 g/Kg= 339 g/l
Volatile CMR substances = 0.00 %
Halogenated VOCs which are assigned the risk phrase R40 = 0.00 %
Organic Carbon - C = 0.18

Where applicable, refer to the following regulatory provisions:

Directive 82/501/EEC ('Activities linked to risks of serious accidents') and subsequent amendments.

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (detergents).

1999/13/EC (VOC directive)

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No

SECTION 16: Other information

Text of phrases referred to under heading 3:

R10 Flammable.

R11 Highly flammable.

R20 Harmful by inhalation.

R20/21 Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.

R36 Irritating to eyes.

R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R37 Irritating to respiratory system.

R48/20 Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

CCNL - Appendix 1

Insert further consulted bibliography

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CLP: Classification, Labelling, Packaging.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.

KSt: Explosion coefficient.



LC50:	Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50:	Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
LTE:	Long-term exposure.
N.A.:	Not applicable.
N.D.:	Not determined.
PNEC:	Predicted No Effect Concentration.
RID:	Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STE:	Short-term exposure.
STEL:	Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT:	Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV:	Threshold Limiting Value.
TWATLV:	Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).